## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**:

Please cancel claims 13-15, 20-21, and 24. Claims 1-12 were canceled by a prior amendment. Claims 16 and 22 are currently amended.

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the present application. No new matter has been added to the claims.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1-15. (Canceled)

16. (Currently amended) A calendar mechanism for displaying a date and a day of a
week in a timepiece, comprising:
a date indicator formed by a crown with an inner toothing;
means for driving said date indicator including a first drive wheel having an external
toothing so as to be able to be driven about an axis of rotation by a wheel set secured to an
hour wheel of said timepiece, said external toothing comprising a prominent tooth and other
teeth, said prominent tooth longer than said other teeth and disposed to abut against a tooth of
the inner toothing of the date indicator to move it forward one day in a time interval located
around a determined time of the day;
a day of the week indicator;
means for driving said day of the week indicator to move it forward one day during
said time interval;
means for positioning said indicators wherein said means for driving the day of the
week indicator comprises a second drive wheel fitted with an external toothing, superposed
and coaxial to the first drive wheel, wherein said first and second drive wheels have
respective diameters that are equal and respective even numbers of teeth which are equal

said first and second drive wheels both engaging said wheel set secured to said hour wheel so as to be driven by said wheel set, wherein said wheel set is formed by a pinion secured to a pipe of said hour wheel and including a number of teeth equal to half of that of said first and second drive wheels, wherein said day of the week indicator is a disc coaxial to said date indicator, wherein said means for driving said disc include a day star-wheel secured to said disc and driven by said second drive wheel The calendar mechanism according to claim 15, wherein said second drive wheel pivots on a fixed arbour and includes a hub via which it is mounted on said arbour and which is connected to a crown carrying said teeth and an elastic arm substantially in the shape of an arc of a circle, attached at least indirectly to said hub and partially surrounding the latter said hub, and wherein said elastic arm has at its free end a first drive finger substantially perpendicular to the plane of said second wheel which is engaged between the teeth of said day star-wheel to move said day of the week indicator disc forward one day of the week when said calendar mechanism is operating normally.

17. (Previously presented) The calendar mechanism according to claim 16, wherein the day of the week indicator disc carries alternately abbreviations of the days of the week in two different languages, wherein said day star-wheel includes fourteen teeth, wherein said elastic arm has a second drive finger also substantially perpendicular to the plane of said second drive wheel and wherein said second drive finger is located in relation to the first drive finger such that said drive fingers act one after the other on two successive teeth of said day star-wheel in order to rotate said day of the week disc twice by a fourteenth of a revolution in the same direction during said time interval located around a determined time of the day.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The calendar mechanism according to claim 16, wherein said elastic arm also carries a substantially radial support finger located in the plane of said second drive wheel and having one end which abuts against said crown of said second drive wheel when said elastic arm is deformed in the direction of said crown practically at the moment when said deformation is sufficient to allow said first drive finger to move said day of the week indicator disc forward one day, against said positioning means.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The calendar mechanism according to claim 16, wherein said elastic arm, said first drive finger, said teeth of the day of the week star-wheel and said means for positioning said star-wheel are designed such that said first drive finger slides over one of said teeth without any significant deformation of said elastic arm, in the direction of said hub and owing to a natural elastic deformation of said crown so that said day of the week indication is not altered when said pinion rotates in an opposite direction to that which allows it to drive said second drive wheel and said day star-wheel in their normal rotational directions.

## 20-21. (Canceled)

22. (Currently Amended) A calendar mechanism for displaying a date and a day of a week in a timepiece, comprising:

a date indicator formed by a crown with an inner toothing;

means for driving said date indicator including a first drive wheel having an external toothing so as to be able to be driven about an axis of rotation by a wheel set secured to an hour wheel of said timepiece, said external toothing comprising a prominent tooth and other teeth, said prominent tooth longer than said other teeth and disposed to abut against a tooth of

the inner toothing of the date indicator to move it forward one day in a time interval located around a determined time of the day; a day of the week indicator; means for driving said day of the week indicator to move it forward one day during said time interval; means for positioning said indicators wherein said means for driving the day of the week indicator comprises a second drive wheel fitted with an external toothing, superposed and coaxial to the first drive wheel, wherein said first and second drive wheels have respective diameters that are equal and respective even numbers of teeth which are equal, said first and second drive wheels both engaging said wheel set secured to said hour wheel so as to be driven by said wheel set, wherein said wheel set is formed by a pinion secured to a pipe of said hour wheel and including a number of teeth equal to half of that of said first and second drive wheels The calendar mechanism according to claim 14, wherein said first drive wheel pivots on a fixed arbour and includes a hub from which extend a wide radial arm, an elastically deformable arm substantially in the shape of an arc of a circle, starting from a free end of said arm and extending in the normal rotational direction of said first drive wheel, said elastically deformable arm surrounding most of said hub to be attached via the interior and a substantially radial and rigid connecting part to a crown which carries said teeth; wherein said prominent tooth of the first drive wheel is separated from the tooth that precedes it when said wheel rotates in its normal rotational direction by a cut of said crown; and wherein, when said wheel rotates in the normal direction and when said prominent tooth comes into contact with a tooth of said date crown to drive the latter, said prominent tooth starts by remaining still while said elastically deformable arm tightens in the direction which brings it closer to said hub and that the width of said cut increases, until a front flank of said connecting part comes into contact with a back flank of said radial arm and said prominent tooth comes into contact

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with the tooth which precedes it, after which said prominent tooth drives said date crown to move it forward one day and then allow said drive wheel to return to its original form.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The calendar mechanism according to claim 22, wherein said prominent tooth of the first drive wheel has a substantially radial front flank like the other teeth to move the date indication forward one day when the mechanism is operating normally and a back flank which, at the end of said prominent tooth provided for engaging between the teeth of said date crown, has an oblique face of smaller inclination to form an acute angle with said front flank and wherein when said first drive wheel is driven in the opposite direction to its normal rotational direction and when said oblique face of the prominent tooth comes into contact with a tooth of the date crown, this tooth slides over said oblique face which causes a slight tension in the elastic arm and a slight decrease in the width of said cut of the crown of said first drive wheel but without altering the date indication.
  - 24. (Canceled)